

Key Stage 5 Sociology Curriculum Map

		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 12	Content	4.2 Topics in Sociology 4.2.1 Culture & Identity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concepts of culture • The socialisation process • The relationship of identity to age, disability, ethnicity, gender, nationality, sexuality & social class in contemporary society • The relationship of identity to production, consumption & globalisation. 	4.1 Education with theory & Methods. 4.1.1 Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The role & functions of the education system. • Differential educational achievement of social groups by social class, gender & ethnicity in contemporary society • Relationships & processes within schools. • The significance of educational policies. 	4.2 Topics in Sociology 4.2.1 Culture & Identity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concepts of culture • The socialisation process • The relationship of identity to age, disability, ethnicity, gender, nationality, sexuality & social class in contemporary society • The relationship of identity to production, consumption & globalisation. 4.1 Education with theory & Methods. 4.1.1 Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The role & functions of the education system. • Differential educational achievement of social groups by social class, gender & ethnicity in contemporary society • Relationships & processes within schools. • The significance of educational policies. 	4.2 Topics in Sociology 4.2.2 Families & Households <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationship of the family to the social structure & social change. • Changing patterns of marriage. • Gender roles, domestic labour & power relationships within the family in contemporary society • The nature of childhood, & changes in the status of children in the family & society • Demographic trends in the United Kingdom since 1900. 	4.1.2 Methods in Context: Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply sociological research methods to the study of education. • Sociological theory & research. • Consensus, conflict, structural & social action theories • The concepts of modernity & post-modernity. • The nature of science & the extent to which Sociology can be regarded as scientific • The relationship between theory & methods • Subjectivity, objectivity & value freedom • The relationship between Sociology & social policy. 	4.1.3 Theory & Methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quantitative & qualitative methods of research • Sources of data. • The distinction between types of data. • The relationship between positivism, interpretivism & sociological methods. • The theoretical, practical & ethical considerations influencing choice of topic, method & research. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revision
	Content	4.1.3 Theory & Methods Theory & Methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consensus, conflict, structural & social action theories • The concepts of modernity & post-modernity in relation to sociological theory • The relationship between theory & methods • How do the concepts of modernity & postmodernity relate to sociological theory? • Debates & subjectivity, objectivity & value freedom 4.2 Topics in Sociology 4.2.5 Beliefs in society <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ideology, science & religion. • The relationship between social change & social 	4.3 Crime & deviance with Theory & methods 4.3.1 Crime & Deviance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crime, deviance, social order & social control • The social distribution of crime & deviance by ethnicity, gender & social class, including recent patterns & trends in crime • Globalisation & crime in contemporary society; the media & crime; green crime; human rights & state crimes • Crime control, surveillance, prevention & punishment, victims, & the role of the criminal justice system & other agencies 	4.3 Crime & deviance with Theory & methods 4.3.1 Crime & Deviance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crime, deviance, social order & social control • The social distribution of crime & deviance by ethnicity, gender & social class, including recent patterns & trends in crime • Globalisation & crime in contemporary society; the media & crime; green crime; human rights & state crimes • Crime control, surveillance, prevention & punishment, victims, & the role of the criminal justice system & other agencies 	Revision	Revision	



		stability, & religious beliefs, practices & organisations <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Religious organisations.• The relationship between different social groups.• The significance of religion & religiosity in the contemporary world.					
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--